The Co-operative Union of Canada was formed in 1909, with six affiliated societies and 1,595 members. In 1937, 57 societies reported to the Union, their membership being 162,801. The sales of the reporting societies totalled \$13,171,020 and the purchase dividends returned to their members amounted to \$216,187. The classes of co-operative activities covered included retailing, wholesale trading, marketing, dairying, transportation societies, and buying clubs.

Since October, 1909, the Union has published a monthly, The Canadian Cooperator, from which these statistics and those in Subsection 1 have been taken.*

Subsection 1.—Consumers' Co-operation.

The statistics in Table 29, which cover only those retail societies reporting to the Co-operative Union of Canada, cannot be considered as strictly comparable due to the fact that, should a large society fail to report in any one year (and this has frequently happened in the past), an apparent decrease in the activities of the societies, not in line with actual conditions, would result.

The following notes, covering membership only, will help the reader to judge the real trend of consumers' co-operative activity. The increase of 624 in 1932 was due, in part, to the failure of 2 existing societies to report in 1931, although 3 new societies reported a membership of 583. Of the total increase of 1,354, in 1933, 1,058 was due to the reporting, for the first time, of 4 societies which had been in existence from 2 to 5 years, while one new society reported 57 members. In 1934, the apparent increase of 418 is modified by the fact that it includes 210 members of a society not reported in 1933, while one new society, with 44 members, reported in 1934. the situation was complicated, since 6 societies which reported in the previous year failed to do so in 1935, their 1934 membership having totalled 736—on the other hand, 2 previously-existing societies, which did not report in 1934, reported 177 members and 3 new societies reported 525 members; as these two factors almost balance, it would appear that the existing societies increased their membership by nearly 600. In 1936, three new societies reported a membership of 461, while those established societies which reported in both 1935 and 1936 showed an increase in membership of 1,022; in addition, six buying clubs in Quebec and Ontario reported a membership of 739. In 1937, the 38 societies which also reported in 1936 showed an increase in membership of 1,839; five societies which did not report in 1936 had a membership of 1,467, of these, 3 were new organizations with 474 members. Three societies, with 638 members, reported in 1936 but not in 1937.

29.—Statistics of Retail Co-operative Societies Affiliated with the Co-operative Union of Canada, 1931-37.

Year.	Societies.	Members.	Share and Loan Capital.	Reserve Funds.	Stock in Trade.	Other Assets.	Sales.	Net Profits.	Purchase Divi- dends Paid.
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	- \$	\$	\$	\$
1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936	23 27 31 33 34 41 45	8,122 8,746 10,100 10,518 11,116 13,696 16,364	574,450 536,245 504,623 515,369 573,957 637,012 809,468	449,467 436,184 360,784 370,388 372,732 365,925 415,703	455,986 443,424 443,489 479,574 503,004 585,240 670,296	955,347 829,866 638,138 728,404 877,634 891,053 1,152,963	2,874,746 2,631,515 2,719,212 3,353,884 3,876,195 4,445,339 5,041,328	185, £16 147, 895 106, 484 117, 722 161, 113 209, 379 229, 270	147,175 111,130 80,220 91,784 130,518 163,952 182,790

 $^{^{*}}$ For details regarding the Co-operative Union of Canada and its activities, see the 1925 Year Book, pp. 708-709.